To

Dean Academic

RIT, Sakharale.

Sub: Regarding approval of syllabus.

Dear Sir,

We are sending herewith the structure and syllabus of M. Tech Electronics of academic year 2018-19 for approval.

Thanking you.

Head & BOS Chairman

& E&TC Dept.

HEAD,
Department of Electronics & Telecomm.Engg.
R. I. T. Rajaramnagar (Sakharale)
415414.



Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)
Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Department: Electronics & Telecommunication Engineering

Class: F. Y. M. Tech. Electronics

Semester: I

			Teachi	ing Sc	heme		Eva	aluatio	on Sch	eme	
Course	Course						Т	heory		Pr	actical
Code	Course	L	Т	Р	Credits	Scheme	Max Marks	Min	% for sing	Max Marks	Min % for Passing
	Advanced Communication					ISE	20				
ECS	Networks	3	_	_	3	UT1	15	40	40		
1014	*)	-	-	3	UT2	15				
						ESE	50	40			
	Advanced Digital Signal					ISE	20	40			
ECS	Processing	3	-	-	3	UT1	15	40	40		
1024						UT2	15				
						ESE	50	40		-	
				-		ISE	20	40	40		
PE-I	Program Elective -I	3	-		3	UT1	15				
	Ü					UT2	15				
						ESE	50	40			
						ISE	20	40	40		
PE-II	Program Elective -II	3	_	_	3	UT1	15	40			
I L-II	1 Togram Elective -II	J	-	-)	UT2	15				
						ESE	50	40			
ECS	Research Methodology &	1	1	_	2	ISE	50	40	40		
1094	IPR		•		2	ESE	50	40			
ECS	Advanced Communication	-	-	4	2	ISE				50	50
1104	Networks Lab	 (i		7	۷	ESE				50	50
ECS	Advanced Digital Signal			4	2	ISE				50	50
1114	Processing Lab	-		4	Z	ESE				50	50
	TOTAL	13	1	08	18						

Total Contact Hours/week

: 22

Total Credits

: 18

ISE = In Semester Evaluation, UT-I = Unit Test-I, UT-II = Unit Test-II, ESE = End Semester Exam,

P = Pass, NP = Not Pass



THE SECURITY OF TECHNOLOGY AND PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Department: Electronics & Telecommunication Engineering

Class: F. Y. M. Tech. Electronics

Semester: II

	,	Teaching Scheme Evaluation Scheme							ne		
Course	Course							heory		Prac	tical
Code	Code	L	Т	P	Credits	Scheme	Max Marks		% for sing	Max Marks	Min % for Passing
						ISE	20				
SHP	Numerical Computation	3	_	_	3	UT1	15	40	40		
515	Techniques					UT2	15		1 40		
						ESE	50	40			
						ISE	20				
ECS	Antennas and Radiating	3	_	-	3	UT1	15	40	40		
2014	Systems					UT2	15] 40		
						ESE	50	40			
					3	ISE	20	40			
ECS	Wireless and Mobile	3	_	-		UT1	15		40		
2024	Communication				,	UT2	15		40		
						ESE	50	40			
6						ISE	20		40		
PE-III	Program Elective -III	3	_	_	3	UT1	15	40	40		
						UT2	15				
						ESE	50	40			
						ISE	20				
PE-IV	Program Elective -IV	3	_	_	3	UT1	15	40	40		
					-	UT2	15			2	
SHP	Technical Communication				Audit	ESE	50	40			
551	Technical Communication	2	-	-	Audit	ISE	I	P/NP			-
ECS	Antennas and Radiating	-	-	4	2	ISE				50	50
2094	Systems lab				sales	ESE				50	50
ECS 2104	Wireless and Mobile Communication Lab	-	-	4	2	ISE				50	50
	Communication Lau					ESE				50	50
ECS	Mini project	_	_	4	2	ISE				50	50
2114						ESE				50	50
	TOTAL	17	-	8	19	.8					

Total Contact Hours/week

: 29

Total Credits

: 21

ISE = In Semester Evaluation, UT-I = Unit Test-I, UT-II = Unit Test-II, ESE = End Semester Exam,

P = Pass, NP = Not Pass



Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Department: Electronics & Telecommunication Engineering

Class: S. Y. M. Tech. Electronics

Semester: III

		Teaching Scheme				Evaluation Scheme					
Course	(Ource				Credits		TI	neory	Pra	ctical	
Code			Т	P		Scheme	Max Mark s	Min % for Passing	Max Marks	Min % for Passing	
ECS 3014	Industry Internship	-	-	2	Audit	ISE			P/NP		
ECS 3024	MOOC Course	-	-	-	3	ESE*	-	-	50	50	
ECS 3034	Dissertation Phase-I	-	-	8	4	ISE	-	-	100	50	
ECS 3044	Dissertation Phase-II	-	-	12	6	ISE ESE	-	-	100 100	50 50	
	TOTAL	-	-	22	13	-	-		-	-	

Total Contact Hours/week

: 22

Total Credits

: 13

Department: Electronics & Telecommunication Engineering

Class: S. Y. M. Tech. Electronics

Semester: IV

		Teaching Scheme				Evaluation Scheme					
Course	Course						Th	eory	Practical		
Code	Code Course	Т	т	P	Credits	Scheme	Max	Min %	Max	Min %	
ĺ		L	1	1			Marks	for	Mark	for	
								Passing	S	Passing	
ECS 4014	Dissertation Phase-III	-	-	12	6	ISE	-	-	100	50	
ECS	Dissertation Viva Voce			20	10	ISE	-	-	100	50	
4024	Dissertation viva voce	8.7	-	20	10	ESE			100	50	
	TOTAL	-	-	32	16	-	-	-	-	-	

Total Contact Hours/week

: 32

Total Credits

: 16

^{*} Indicates that, student needs to complete Online/Certification course approved by DPGC and produce certificate of online or certification course at the time of ESE. If student fails to produce this certificate, he or she will not be eligible to give ESE of Online/certification course.



Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale
(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)
Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

List of Program Elective (PE) choice based courses:

Course Code	PE-I	
ECS1034	Wireless Sensor Networks	
ECS1044	Advanced Power Electronics	
ECS1054	Statistical Information Processing	

Course Code	PE-II
ECS1064	MIMO System
ECS1074	RF and Microwave Circuit Design
ECS1084	Mechatronics based system

Course Code	PE-III	
ECS2034	Automotive Electronics	
ECS2044	Internet of Things	
ECS2054	Voice and data networks	

Course Code	PE-IV	
ECS2064	Soft computing	***************************************
ECS2074	Electric Drives	
ECS2084	High Performance Networks	



TOTE OF TECHNOLOGY BURNESS OF THE PROPERTY OF

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class: - First Year M.Tech Electronics	Semester- I
Course Code: ECS1014	Course Name:
	Advanced Communication Network

L	Т	P	Credits
3		-	3

Course Description: This course provides a robust understanding of networking. It teaches the fundamentals of networking systems, their architecture, function and operation and how those fundamentals are reflected in current network technologies. Students will learn the principles that underlie all networks and the application of those principles to current network protocols and systems. The course explains how layers of different scope are combined to create a network.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to,

- 1. Outline advanced concepts in Communication Networking.
- 2. Design and develop protocols for Communication Networks.
- 3. Identify the mechanisms in Quality of Service in networking.
- 4. Optimize the Network Design.

Prerequisite:

Fundamental knowledge of network communication.

Course	e Content	
Unit No	Description	Hrs
1.	Overview of Internet-Concepts: challenges and history. Overview of - ATM. TCP/IP Congestion and Flow Control in Internet-Throughput analysis of TCP congestion control. TCP for high bandwidth delay	06
	networks. Fairness issues in TCP.	



Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Real Time Communications over Internet: Adaptive applications.	06
Latency and throughput issues. Integrated Services Model (intServ).	
Resource reservation in Internet. RSVP, Characterization of Traffic by	
Linearly Bounded Arrival Processes (LBAP). Leaky bucket algorithm and	
its properties.	
Packet Scheduling: Algorithms-requirements and choices. Scheduling	06
guaranteed service connections. GPS, WFQ and Rate proportional	
algorithms. High speed scheduler design. Theory of Latency Rate servers	
and delay bounds in packet switched networks for LBAP traffic. Active	
Queue Management - RED, WRED and Virtual clock. Control theoretic	
analysis of active queue management	
IP address: lookup-challenges. Packet classification algorithms and Flow	06
Identification- Grid of Tries, Cross producing and controlled prefix	
expansion algorithms.	
Admission control in Internet: Concept of Effective bandwidth.	06
Measurement based admission control. Differentiated Services in Internet	
(DiffServ). DiffServ architecture and framework.	
IPV4 and IPV6: IP tunneling, IP switching and MPLS, Overview of IP	06
over ATM and its evolution to IP switching. MPLS architecture and	
framework. MPLS Protocols. Traffic engineering issues in MPLS.	
	Latency and throughput issues. Integrated Services Model (intServ). Resource reservation in Internet. RSVP, Characterization of Traffic by Linearly Bounded Arrival Processes (LBAP). Leaky bucket algorithm and its properties. Packet Scheduling: Algorithms-requirements and choices. Scheduling guaranteed service connections. GPS, WFQ and Rate proportional algorithms. High speed scheduler design. Theory of Latency Rate servers and delay bounds in packet switched networks for LBAP traffic. Active Queue Management - RED, WRED and Virtual clock. Control theoretic analysis of active queue management IP address: lookup-challenges. Packet classification algorithms and Flow Identification- Grid of Tries, Cross producing and controlled prefix expansion algorithms. Admission control in Internet: Concept of Effective bandwidth. Measurement based admission control. Differentiated Services in Internet (DiffServ). DiffServ architecture and framework. IPV4 and IPV6: IP tunneling, IP switching and MPLS, Overview of IP over ATM and its evolution to IP switching. MPLS architecture and

- 1. Jean Wairand and Pravin Varaiya, "High Performance Communications Networks", 2nd edition, 2000.
- 2. Jean Le Boudec and Patrick Thiran, "Network Calculus A Theory of Deterministic Queueing Systems for the Internet", Springer Veriag, 2001.
- 3. Zhang Wang, "Internet QoS", Morgan Kaufman, 2001.
- 4. Anurag Kumar, D. Manjunath and Joy Kuri, "Communication Networking: An Analytical Approach", Morgan Kaufman Publishers, 2004.
- George Kesidis, "ATM Network Performance", Kluwer Academic, Research Papers, 2005





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- First Year M.Tech Electronics	Semester-I
Course Code : ECS1024	Course Name : Advanced
	Digital Signal Processing

L	Т	P	Credits
3	-		3

Course Description:

Advances in integrated circuit technology have had a major impact on the technical areas to which digital signal processing techniques and hardware are being applied. The efficient use of such hardware devices requires thorough understanding of various digital signal processing techniques. These techniques encompass filter design methods, power spectrum estimation and sampling rate conversion. The subject is essential for anyone whose work is concerned with signal processing applications.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to,

- 1. Explain techniques available for implementation of digital signal processing system
- 2. Design and simulate the working of given digital signal processing system
- 3. Evaluate performance of digital signal processing system
- 4. Interpret the performance of digital signal processing system
- 5. Write limitations of digital signal processing system designed with specific technique.

Prerequisite:

Knowledge of signal processing



Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Course	Content	0-19
Unit No	Description	Hrs
1.	Overview of DSP: Characterization in time and frequency, FFT	06
	Algorithms, Digital filter design and structures: Basic FIR/IIR filter	
	design &structures, design techniques of linear phase FIR filters, IIR	
	filters by impulse invariance, bilinear transformation, FIR/IIR Cascaded	
	lattice structures, and Parallel all pass realization of IIR	
2.	Multi rate DSP: Decimators and Interpolators, Sampling rate conversion,	06
	multistage decimator & interpolator, poly phase filters, QMF, digital filter	
	banks, Applications in subband coding.	
3.	Linear prediction & optimum linear filters : stationary random	06
	process, forward-backward linear prediction filters, solution of normal	
	equations, AR Lattice and ARMA Lattice-Ladder Filters, Wiener Filters	
	for Filtering and Prediction	
4.	Adaptive Filters: Applications, Gradient Adaptive Lattice, Minimum	06
	mean square criterion, LMS algorithm, Recursive Least Square algorithm	
5.	Estimation of Spectra: Estimation of Spectra from Finite-Duration	06
	Observations of Signals, Nonparametric Methods for Power Spectrum	
	Estimation, Parametric Methods for Power Spectrum Estimation,	
	Minimum-Variance Spectral Estimation, Eigen analysis Algorithms for	
	Spectrum Estimation	
6.	Application of DSP & Multi rate DSP: Application to Radar,	06
	introduction to wavelets, application to image processing, design of phase	
	shifters, DSP in speech processing & other applications.	

- 1. J.G.Proakis and D.G.Manolakis "Digital signal processing: Principles, Algorithm and Applications", 4th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2007.
- 2. N. J. Fliege, "Multirate Digital Signal Processing: Multirate Systems -Filter Banks Wavelets", 1st Edition, John Wiley and Sons Ltd, 1999.





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

- 3. Bruce W. Suter, "Multirate and Wavelet Signal Processing",1st Edition, Academic Press, 1997.
- 4. M. H. Hayes, "Statistical Digital Signal Processing and Modeling", John Wiley & Sons Inc., 2002.
- 5. S.Haykin, "Adaptive Filter Theory", 4th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2001.





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics
Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class: - First Year	Semester- I
M.Tech Electronics	West june neuron and available
Course Code: ECS1034	Course Name: (PE-I)
	Wireless Sensor Networks

L	Т	P	Credits
3			3

Course description: A wireless sensor network generally consists of compact low power sensors, which collect information and pass the information via wireless networks to achieve a high level of desired monitoring and control in coordinated manners. WSN applications can be found in areas such as environmental monitoring, smart energy systems, battle field surveillance, home automation, medical monitoring, mobile computing, etc. WSN has integrated network engineering, embedded system engineering and sensor technology. This course covers fundamentals of wireless network technology and distributed sensor networks and be able to design and maintain WSNs.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to,

- 1. Design wireless sensor network system for different applications under consideration
- 2. Select correct type of sensor for various applications.
- 3. Identify radio standards and communication protocols to be used for wireless sensor network based systems and application.
- 4. Decide operating systems and programming languages for wireless sensor nodes
- 5. Estimate special issues related to sensors like energy conservation and security challenges.

Prerequisite:

Knowledge of Sensor network

18.34 18.34

PROPERTY OF TECHNOLOGY AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE PROPERTY OF T

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics
Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Content	
Description	Hrs
Over view of WSN: Introduction and overview of sensor network architecture	06
and its applications, sensor network comparison with Ad Hoc Networks, Sensor	
node architecture with hardware and software details.	
Hardware: Examples like mica2, micaZ, telosB, cricket, Imote2, tmote, btnode,	06
and Sun SPOT, Software (Operating Systems): tinyOS, MANTIS, Contiki, and	
RetOS.	
Programming tools: C, nesC. Performance comparison of wireless sensor	06
networks simulation and experimental platforms like open source (ns-2) and	
commercial (QualNet, Opnet)	
Sensor network protocols: Physical, MAC and routing/ Network layer	06
protocols, node discovery protocols, multi-hop and cluster based protocols,	
Fundamentals of 802.15.4, Bluetooth, BLE (Bluetooth low energy), UWB.	
Data dissemination and processing; differences compared with other	06
database management systems, data storage; query processing.	
WSN Features; Energy preservation and efficiency; security challenges;	06
fault tolerance, Issues related to Localization, connectivity and topology,	
Sensor deployment mechanisms; coverage issues; sensor Web; sensor	
	Over view of WSN: Introduction and overview of sensor network architecture and its applications, sensor network comparison with Ad Hoc Networks, Sensor node architecture with hardware and software details. Hardware: Examples like mica2, micaZ, telosB, cricket, Imote2, tmote, btnode, and Sun SPOT, Software (Operating Systems): tinyOS, MANTIS, Contiki, and RetOS. Programming tools: C, nesC. Performance comparison of wireless sensor networks simulation and experimental platforms like open source (ns-2) and commercial (QualNet, Opnet) Sensor network protocols: Physical, MAC and routing/ Network layer protocols, node discovery protocols, multi-hop and cluster based protocols, Fundamentals of 802.15.4, Bluetooth, BLE (Bluetooth low energy), UWB. Data dissemination and processing; differences compared with other database management systems, data storage; query processing. WSN Features; Energy preservation and efficiency; security challenges;

- 1. H. Karl and A. Willig, "Protocols and Architectures for Wireless Sensor Networks", John Wiley & Sons, India, 2012.
- 2. C. S. Raghavendra, K. M. Sivalingam, and T. Znati, Editors, "Wireless Sensor Networks", Springer Verlag, 1st Indian reprint, 2010.
- 3. F. Zhao and L. Guibas, "Wireless Sensor Networks: An Information Processing Approach", Morgan Kaufmann, 1st Indian reprint, 2013.
- 4. YingshuLi, MyT. Thai, Weili Wu, "Wireless sensor Network and Applications" Springer series on signals and communication technology, 2008.





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- First Year M.Tech Electronics	Semester- I
Course Code : ECS1044	Course Name : (PE-I)
	Advanced Power
	Electronics

L	Т	P	Credits
3			3

Course Description:

Advanced Power Electronics is offered as elective course for Electronics Engineering postgraduate programme. The contents of the course focus on design of DC-DC converters, AC voltage controllers, magnetic components and heat sink. It also deals with instrumentation used in power electronics and Electric utility interface. This course is useful for developing upcoming areas of autonomous vehicles.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to,

- 1. Describe operation and applications of converters.
- 2. Design magnetic components, heat sinks and converters.
- 3. Illustrate methods of high power parameters measurements.
- 4. Justify requirement of power factor correction in utility interface

Prerequisite:

Knowledge of construction, working principle and V-I characteristics of the power devices.



Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale
(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)
Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Unit	Description	Hrs
No 1.		06
1.	SWITCHING MODE REGULATORS: Buck-boost converter, Cuk converter, fly back converter, forward converter, control strategies of	00
	switching regulators, FPGA based converters	
2.	AC VOLTAGE CONTROLLERS AND CYCLO-CONVERTERS: Principle of integral cycle control and phase control, phase controlled single-phase half wave and full wave ac controllers with resistive and inductive loads, three phase ac voltage controllers, applications of ac voltage controllers, Single-phase cyclo-converter, three phase cyclo-converters, reduction of output harmonics.	06
3.	DESIGN OF MAGNETIC COMPONENTS AND HEAT SINK:	06
	Magnetic materials and cores, Copper windings, Thermal considerations,	
	special inductor design and procedure, power and converter transformer	
	design procedure and K-factor transformer design, inductor, magnetic	
	shielding design. Heat sink design and selection of heat sink	*** ****
4.	INSTRUMENTATION IN POWER ELECTRONICS: Sensing of	06
	voltage, current and speed in AC/DC circuits, measurement of voltage,	
	current, speed, power, power factor in ac/dc circuits using methods like	
	hall effect sensor, DCCT, DCPT, shaft encoder and tachogenerator, true	
	RMS meter, power analyzer	
5.	POWER FACTOR IMPROVEMENT TECHNIQUES: Need of	06
	power factor improvement, phase angle, extinction angle, symmetrical	
	angle and PWM control. Operation, waveforms and analytical treatment	
	based on DF, DPF, PF, HF. Comparison.	
6.	UTILITY INTERFACE WITH POWER ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS: Generation of current harmonics, current harmonics and power factor, Total Harmonic Distortion, harmonic standards and recommended practices, need for improved utility interface, improved line quality converters	06

THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Text Books:

- 1. M. H. Rashid, Power Electronics circuits devices and applications, IIIrd edition, PHI New Delhi, 2004.
- 2. Ned Mohan, T. Undeland & W. Robbins, Power Electronics Converters applications and design IIIrd edition, John Willey & sons, Singapore, 2003.

Reference Books:

- 1. P. C. Sen, Modern Power Electronics, S. Chand and Co, New Delhi, Vth edition, 2012.
- 2. MD Singh and K.B Khanchandani, "Power Electronics", IInd edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics
Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- First Year M.Tech Electronics	Semester- I	L	Т	P	Credits
Course Code: ECS1054	Course Name : (PE-I) Statistical Information Processing	3			3

Course Description:

Course is of study in probability theory, highly regarded for its strong mathematical orientation and comprehensive coverage. The course classifies topics in probability, random variables, and stochastic processes very logically, carefully incorporating a wide range of illustrations and applications. This Course provides greater emphasis on realistic methods of spectral estimation and analysis, and many new problems, examples and applications.

Course Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Characterize and apply probabilistic techniques in modern decision systems, such as information systems, receivers, filtering and statistical operations.
- 2. Demonstrate mathematical modeling and problem solving using such models.
- 3. Compare applications to signal processing, communications systems.
- 4. Develop frameworks based in probabilistic and stochastic themes for modeling and analysis of various systems involving functionalities in decision making, statistical inference, estimation and detection.

Prerequisite:

Knowledge of Calculus and Linear Algebra



Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale
(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)
Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Unit		
No	Description	Hrs
1.	Review of random variables: Probability Concepts, distribution and	06
	density functions, moments, independent, uncorrelated and orthogonal	
	random variables; Vector-space representation of Random variables,	
	Vector quantization, Tchebaychef inequality theorem, Central Limit	
	theorem, Discrete & Continuous Random Variables.	
	Random process: Expectations, Moments, Ergodicity, Discrete-Time	
	Random Processes Stationary process, autocorrelation and auto	
91	covariance functions, Spectral representation of random signals,	
	Properties of power spectral density, Gaussian Process and White noise	
	process.	
2.	Random signal modeling: MA(q), AR(p), ARMA(p,q) models, Hidden	06
	Markov Model & its applications ,Linear System with random input,	
	Forward and Backward Predictions, Levinson Durbin Algorithm.	
3.	Statistical Decision Theory: Bayes' Criterion, Binary Hypothesis	06
	Testing, M-ary Hypothesis Testing, Minimax Criterion, Neyman-Pearson	
	Criterion, Composite Hypothesis Testing. Parameter Estimation Theory:	
	Maximum Likelihood Estimation, Generalized Likelihood Ratio Test	
	,Some Criteria for Good Estimators, Bayes' Estimation Minimum Mean-	
	Square Error Estimate, Minimum, Mean Absolute Value of Error	
	Estimate Maximum A Posteriori Estimate, Multiple Parameter Estimation	
	Best Linear Unbiased Estimator, Least-Square Estimation Recursive	
	Least-Square Estimator.	
4.	Spectral analysis: Estimated autocorrelation function, Periodogram,	06
	Averaging the periodogram (Bartlett Method), Welch modification,	
	Parametric method, AR(p) spectral estimation and detection of Harmonic	
	signals.	
5.	Information Theory and Source Coding: Introduction, Uncertainty,	06
	Information and Entropy, Source coding theorem, Huffman, Shanon Fano	

RAPIT STORY OF TROUBLE

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

	Course Structure/1417/01/201	01)		
	, Arithmetic , Adaptive coding , RLE , LZW Data compaction, , LZ-77,			
	LZ-78. Discrete Memory less channels, Mutual information, channel	8		
	capacity, Channel coding theorem, Differential entropy and mutual			
	information for			
	continuous ensembles.			
6.	Application of Information Theory: Group, Ring & Field, Vector, GF 0			
	addition, multiplication rules. Introduction to BCH codes, Primitive			
	elements ,Minimal polynomials, Generator polynomials in terms of			
	Minimal polynomials, Some examples of BCH codes,& Decoder, Reed-			
	Solomon codes & Decoder, Implementation of Reed Solomon encoders			
	and decoders.			

- 1. Papoulis and S.U. Pillai, "Probability, Random Variables and Stochastic Processes",4th Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2002.
- 2. D.G. Manolakis, V.K. Ingle and S.M. Kogon, "Statistical and Adaptive Signal
- 3. Processing", McGraw Hill, 2000.
- 4. Mourad Barkat, "Signal Detection and Estimation", Artech House, 2nd Edition, 2005.
- 5. R G. Gallager, "Information theory and reliable communication", Wiley, 1st edition, 1968.
- 6. F. J. MacWilliams and N. J. A. Sloane, "The Theory of Error-Correcting Codes", New York, North-Holland, 1977.
- 7. Rosen K.H, "Elementary Number Theory", Addison-Wesley, 6th edition, 2010.





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- First Year	Semester- I
M.Tech Electronics	· ·
Course Code : ECS1064	Course Name : (PE-II)
	MIMO Systems

L	Т	P	Credits
3			3

Course Description:

The course deals with the recent trends in Wireless communications. In this course the fundamentals and advances of Multiple In Multiple Out system are discussed. The advanced concepts such as beam forming and antenna considerations are also considered which are helpful for the research in this area. The practical aspects of MIMO with respect to 4G and 5G communication are also taken care in this course.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to,

- 1. Explain the concepts of MIMO capacity, beam forming, channel modelling and estimation.
- 2. Solve numerical and apply different modeling and estimation techniques of MIMO.
- 3. Analyze the diversity, beam forming and channel coding and estimation techniques in MIMO systems.
- 4. Evaluate the the diversity, coding and related case studies of MIMO systems.

Prerequisite:

Knowledge of Mathematics, Antennas and Digital Communications

Cours	e Content	
Unit No	Description	Hrs
1.	Introduction to Multi-antenna Systems: Motivation, Types of multi-	06
6	antenna systems, MIMO vs. multi-antenna systems.	

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur) Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19 2. **Diversity**; Exploiting multipath diversity, Transmit diversity, Space-time codes, The Alamouti scheme, Delay diversity, Cyclic delay diversity, Space-frequency codes, Receive diversity, The rake receiver, Combining techniques, Spatial Multiplexing, Spectral efficiency and capacity, Transmitting independent streams in parallel, Mathematical notation. MIMO problem: Singular Value Decomposition, Eigen values and 3. eigenvectors, Equalizing MIMO systems, Disadvantages of equalizing MIMO systems, Pre-distortion in MIMO systems, Disadvantages of predistortion in MIMO systems, Pre-coding and combining in MIMO systems, Advantages of pre-coding and combining, Disadvantages of precoding and combining, Channel state information. 4. Codebooks for MIMO: Beam forming, Beam forming principles, 06 Increased spectrum efficiency, Interference cancellation, Switched beam former, Adaptive beam former, Narrowband beam former, Wideband beam former Case study: MIMO in LTE, Codeword to layers mapping, Pre-coding for 5. spatial multiplexing, Pre-coding for transmit diversity, Beam forming in LTE, Cyclic delay diversity based pre-coding, Pre-coding codebooks, Propagation Channels, Time & frequency channel dispersion, AWGN and multipath propagation channels, Delay spread values and time variations, Fast and slow fading environments, Complex baseband multipath channels, Narrowband and wideband channels, MIMO channel models Channel Estimation: Channel estimation techniques, Estimation and 6. tracking, Training based channel estimation, Blind channel estimation, Channel estimation architectures, Iterative channel estimation, MMSE channel estimation, Correlative channel sounding, Channel estimation in single carrier systems, Channel estimation for CDMA, Channel estimation for OFDM.



ACHIEVE OF TECHNOLOGY

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Text Books:

- Claude Oestges, Bruno Clerckx, "MIMO Wireless Communications: From Realworld Propagation to Space-time Code Design", Academic Press, 1st edition, 2010.
- 2. Mohinder Janakiraman, "Space Time Codes and MIMO Systems", Artech House Publishers, 2004.

Reference Books:

- 1. T.L. Marzetta "Fundamentals of Massive MIMO" Cambridge Press, 1st Edition 2016.
- Ramjee Prasad, Muhammad Imadur Rahman, Suvra Sekhar Das and Nicola Marchetti, "Single- and Multi-Carrier MIMO Transmission for Broadband Wireless Systems" River Publishers Series in Communications, 1st edition 2009.



THE OF THE AND THE PARTY OF THE

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- First Year	Semester- I
M.Tech Electronics	
Course Code : ECS1074	Course Name : (PE-II)
	RF AND MICROWAVE
8	CIRCUIT DESIGN

L	Т	P	Credits
3	-		3

Course Description: RF and Microwave Circuit Design course consist of two modules. The first module constitutes the study of various types of impedance matching circuits, and the design of various types of microwave filters. The second module covers the analysis of planer power dividers and directional couplers, design of microwave amplifier and oscillator.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to,

- 1. Describe the behavior of RF passive components and model active components.
- 2. Perform transmission line analysis.
- 3. Demonstrate use of Smith Chart for high frequency circuit design.
- 4. Justify the choice/selection of components from the design aspects.
- 5. Design applications of RF circuit.

Prerequisite:

Basic Knowledge of Electromagnetic Engineering and Antennas.

Course	e Content	200 M 188
Unit No	Description	Hrs
1.	Transmission Line Theory: Lumped element circuit model for transmission line, field analysis, Smith chart, quarter wave transformer, generator and load mismatch, impedance.	06
2.	Microwave Network Analysis: Impedance and equivalent voltage and current, Impedance and admittance matrix, The scattering matrix,	

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

	transmission matrix, Signal flow graph.	
3.	Nonlinearity And Time Variance Inter-symbol interference, random process & noise, definition of sensitivity and dynamic range, conversion	06
	gain and distortion	
4.	Microwave Filter Design: ABCD parameters of networks, Filter design	06
	by the insertion loss method, low pass prototypes, Filter transformations,	
	impedance and frequency scaling, Richard's Transformation, Kuroda's	
	identities, Impedance and Admittance inverters, Stepped impedance low	
	pass filters, Coupled line filters: Filter properties of a coupled line section,	
	Design of Coupled line Band pass Filters, Microstrip discontinuities and	
	their compensation.	
5.	PLANAR POWER DIVIDERS AND DIRECTIONAL COUPLERS:	06
	S-parameters of terminated two port network, Basic Properties of	
	Dividers and Couplers: Three-port networks, four port networks, The T-	
	junction Power divider: Lossless Divider, Resistive Divider, The	
	Wilkinson Power divider: Even-odd mode analysis, The Quadrature (90°)	
	hybrid.	
6.	MICROWAVE AMPLIFIER AND OSCILLATOR DESIGN	06
	Amplifiers Design: Power gain equations, stability, impedance matching,	
	constant gain and noise figure circles, small signal, low noise, high power	
	and broadband amplifier, oscillators.	

Reference Books:

- 1. D.M.Pozar, "Microwave engineering", Wiley, 4th edition, 2011.
- 2. Matthew M. Radmanesh, "Advanced RF & Microwave Circuit Design: The Ultimate Guide to Superior Design", AuthorHouse, 2009.
- 3. R.Ludwig and P.Bretchko, "R. F. Circuit Design", Pearson Education Inc, 2009.
- 4. G.D. Vendelin, A.M. Pavoi, U. L. Rohde, "Microwave Circuit Design Using Linear And Non Linear Techniques", John Wiley 1990.
- 5. S.Y. Liao, "Microwave circuit Analysis and Amplifier Design", Prentice Hall 1987





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- First Year	Semester-I
M.Tech Electronics	
Course Code : ECS1084	Course Name : (PE-II)
	Mechatronics Based
	systems

L	Т	P	Credits
3			3

Course Description:

The course is helpful to provide knowledge of mechanical and electronic systems used in industry. Automation is emerging demand of todays world, which can be accomplished through Mechatronics based systems. Mechatronics is a multidisciplinary field of science that includes a combination of mechanical engineering, electronics, computer engineering, telecommunications engineering, systems engineering and control engineering.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to,

- 1. Explain elements required to develop mechatronics system.
- 2. Design mechatronics based system for specified application.
- 3. Describe applications of Mechatronics systems.

Prerequisite:

Knowledge of control system, Instrumentation system and linear algebra

Unit No.	Description	Hrs
1.	Elements of Mechatronics systems: Multichannel Data Acquisition	06
	System, Data Logger, Smart sensors, Sensors for Motion and Position	
	Measurement, Force, Torque and Tactile Sensors, Flow sensors,	
	Temperature sensors, Ultrasonic sensors, Range sensors, Fiber optic	





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

	Course Structure/R11/01/	2010-19
	sensor, Liquid level sensor, Active Vibration Control	
2.	Mechatronics System Design, Modeling and Simulation: Integrated Design Issues in Mechatronics, Mechatronics Design Process, Mechatronics Key Elements, Simulation and Block Diagrams, Analogies and Impedance Diagrams, Electrical Systems, Fluid Systems, Electromechanical Coupling.	06
3.	Hydraulic system: Hydraulic systems: flow, pressure and direction control valves, actuators, and supporting elements, hydraulic power packs, and pumps. Design of hydraulic circuits.	06
4.	Pneumatic system : Pneumatics: production, distribution and conditioning of compressed air, system components and graphic representations, design of systems.	06
5.	Actuating Devices And Applications In Mechatronics: Electric drives, Fluid Power Actuation, Piezoelectric Actuators, Mechatronics Control in Automated Manufacturing, Artificial Intelligence in Mechatronics, Fuzzy Logic Applications in Mechatronics	06
6.	Case Studies: Interfacing with microcontroller, transducer calibration system for automotive applications, strain gauge weighing system, data acquisition and control case studies	06

Text Books:

- Boucher, T. O.Computer automation in manufacturing an Introduction, Chapman and Hall, 1996.
- 2. HMT ltd. Mechatronics, Tata Mcgraw-Hill, New Delhi, 1988William B. Ribbens,
- 3. Devdas Shetty and Richard A. Kolk, Mechatronics System Design, second, Cengage Learning Publication, 2011

Reference Books:

- Bolton, Mechatronics Electronic Control Systems in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, 2nd Edition, Addison Wesly Longman Ltd., 1999.
- 2. M. D. Singh and J. G. Joshi, Mechatronics, PHI Publication, 2006

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- First Year	Semester-I
M.Tech Electronics	
Course Code : ECS1094	Course Name :
	Research Methodology
	and IPR

L	Т	P	Credits
1	1		2

Course Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to,

- 1. Formulate a research problem.
- 2. Analyze research related information
- 3. Prepare and present research proposal/paper by following research ethics
- 4. Make effective use of computers and computing tools to search, analyze information and prepare report.
- 5. Describe nature and processes involved in development of intellectual property rights

Prerequisite: --

Course Content		
Unit No	Description	Hrs
1.	Meaning of research problem, Sources of research problem, Criteria and Characteristics of a good research problem, Errors in selecting a research problem, Scope and objectives of research problem.	04
2.	Effective literature studies approaches, Plagiarism, Research ethics, Approaches of investigation of solutions for research problem, data collection, Data analysis with software, interpretation, Necessary instrumentations	04
3.	Effective technical writing, how to write technical report and paper, Developing a Research Proposal, Format of research proposal, a presentation and assessment by a review committee	04



TOF TECHNOLOGY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

		0 1
4.	Nature of Intellectual Property: Patents, Designs, Trade and Copyright.	04
	Process of Patenting and Development: technological research,	
	innovation, patenting, development. International Scenario: International	
	cooperation on Intellectual Property, Procedure for grants of patents,	
	Patenting under PCT.	
5.	Patent Rights: Scope of Patent Rights, Licensing and transfer of	04
	technology, Patent information and databases, Geographical Indications.	
6.	New Developments in IPR: Administration of Patent System, New	04
	developments in IPR; IPR of Biological Systems, Computer Software	
	etc., Traditional knowledge Case Studies, IPR and IITs.	

- 1. Stuart Melville and Wayne Goddard, "Research methodology: an introduction for science & engineering students", Juta & Co Ltd
- 2. Wayne Goddard and Stuart Melville, "Research Methodology: An Introduction", Juta Academic
- 3. Ranjit Kumar, 2nd Edition, "Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for beginners", SAGE Publication
- 4. Halbert, "Resisting Intellectual Property", Taylor & Francis Ltd, 2007.
- 5. Mayall, "Industrial Design", McGraw Hill, 1992.
- 6. Niebel, "Product Design", McGraw Hill, 1974.
- 7. Asimov, "Introduction to Design", Prentice Hall, 1962.
- 8. Robert P. Merges, Peter S. Menell, Mark A. Lemley, "Intellectual Property in New Technological Age", Wolters Kluwar, 2016.
- 9. T. Ramappa, "Intellectual Property Rights Under WTO", S. Chand, 2008





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RfT/01/2018-19

Class:- First Year M.Tech Electronics	Semester-1
Course Code : ECS1104	Course Name : Advanced
	Communication
	Networks Lab

L	T	P	Credits
0	0	4	2

Course Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to,

- 1. Identify the different types of network devices, their functions, required tools and techniques.
- 2. Build and analyze the skills of sub-netting and routing mechanisms.
- 3. Evaluate the performance of designed advanced communication networks.
- 4. Present and write laboratory reports in desired format in grammatically correct language.

Prerequisite:		
Knowledge of networking		

Course Content		
Experiment Description		Hrs
1.	Study of Networking Commands (Ping. Tracert, TELNET, nslookup, netstat, ARP, RARP) and Network Configuration Files.	04
2.	Linux Network Configuration.	04
3.	Assign IP address to the PC connected to the internet.	04
₹.	Connect the computers in Local Area Network.	04
5.	Design TCP iterative Client and Server application to reverse the given input sentence.	04
6.	Design a TCP concurrent Server to convert a given text into the upper case using multiplexing system call "select".	04
7.	Design UDP Client Server to transfer a file.	04
8.	Configure a DHCP Server to serve contiguous IP addresses to a pool of four IP devices with a default gateway and a default DNS	04



ROPE STORIL STORY

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19 address. 9. Configuring FTP Server 04 Creating a Network topology using Exata Emulator/Qualnet 10. 04 Software. 11. Packet tracer using Exata Emulator/Qualnet Software. 04 12. Testing of Routing Protocols using Exata Emulator/Qualnet 04 Software.

- Jean Wairand and Pravin Varaiya, "High Performance Communications Networks", 2nd edition, 2000.
- 2. Jean Le Boudec and Patrick Thiran, "Network Calculus A Theory of Deterministic Queueing Systems for the Internet", Springer Veriag, 2001.
- 3. Zhang Wang, "Internet QoS", Morgan Kaufman, 2001.
- 4. Anurag Kumar, D. Manjunath and Joy Kuri, "Communication Networking: An Analytical Approach", Morgan Kaufman Publishers, 2004.
- George Kesidis, "ATM Network Performance", Kluwer Academic, Research Papers, 2005



THE OF TECHNOLOGY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- First Year M.Tech Electronics	Semester- I
Course Code : ECS1114	Course Name : Advanced Digital Signal Processing Lab

L	Т	P	Credits
0	0	4	2

Course Description:

Advances in integrated circuit technology have had a major impact on the technical areas to which digital signal processing techniques and hardware are being applied. The efficient use of such hardware devices requires thorough understanding of various digital signal processing techniques. These techniques encompass frequency analysis of signals, filter design methods, sampling rate conversion, and power spectrum estimation. The subject is essential for anyone whose work is concerned with signal processing applications.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to,

- 1. Design digital signal processing system based on given specifications
- 2. Write MATLAB program to simulate the working of designed given digital signal processing system
- 3. Analyze performance of digital signal processing system
- 4. Write proper conclusion
- 5. Write laboratory report in desired format in grammatically correct language

Prerequisite:

Students should have knowledge of MATLAB programming.

Course Cont	ent	
Experiment No	Description	Hrs
1.	Basic Signal Representation	04
2.	Correlation Auto And Cross	04

THE OF THE COMPANY OF THE PARK OF THE PARK

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19 3. Stability Using Hurwitz Routh Criteria 04 4. Sampling FFT of Input Sequence 04 Butterworth Low pass And High pass Filter Design 5. 04 Chebychev Type I, II Filter 6. 04 7. State Space Matrix from Differential Equation 04 Normal Equation Using Levinson Durbin 8. 04 9. Decimation And Interpolation Using Rationale Factors 04 10. Maximally Decimated Analysis DFT Filter 04 11. Cascade Digital IIR Filter Realization 04 12. Inverse Z-Transform and Parallel Realization of IIR filter 04

- 1. J.G.Proakis and D.G.Manolakis "Digital signal processing: Principles, Algorithm and Applications", 4th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2007.
- 2. N. J. Fliege, "Multirate Digital Signal Processing: Multirate Systems -Filter Banks Wavelets", 1st Edition, John Wiley and Sons Ltd, 1999.
- 3. Bruce W. Suter, "Multirate and Wavelet Signal Processing",1st Edition, Academic Press, 1997.
- 4. M. H. Hayes, "Statistical Digital Signal Processing and Modeling", John Wiley & Sons Inc., 2002.
- 5. S.Haykin, "Adaptive Filter Theory", 4th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2001.
- 6. D.G.Manolakis, V.K. Ingle and S.M.Kogon, "Statistical and Adaptive Signal Processing", McGraw Hill, 2000.





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Semester II



HOLD SIGNED SELECT

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- First Year	Semester-II	
M.Tech Electronics		
Course Code: SHP515	Course Name :	
	Numerical Computation	
	Techniques	

L	Т	P	Credits
3			3

Course Description:

Numerical computational method is a core subject introduced at Semester I of first year M. Tech. Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering. This course intends to build the competency in the students to apply the knowledge of mathematics to the solution of engineering problems and to analyze it.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to

- 1. Estimate the error.
- 2. Apply the relevant numerical method for interpolating the polynomial
- 3. Develop the equation to be fitted and fit the curve for given data
- 4. Estimate numerically the solution of given algebraic equation.

Prerequisite:

Undergraduate Engineering Mathematics

Course Content					
Unit No	Description				
1.	Error Analysis and Estimation: Error and their analysis, A general error formula, Error in numerical computations, Error in series approximation.	06			
2.	Interpolations: Introduction, Finite differences, Relation between operators, Differences of a polynomial, Factorial notation, Missing term technique, Laplace-Everett's formula, Lagrange's interpolation formula, Newton's Divided difference formula.	06			

THE THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19 Curve Fitting: Method of least squares, Fitting a straight line, Fitting of 3. an exponential curve $y = ae^{bx}$, Fitting of the curve $y = ax^b$, Fitting of the curve $y = ab^x$, Fitting of the curve of the type xy = b + ax, Fitting of the curve $y = ax + bx^2$. Most plausible solution of a system of a linear equations. Solution of Nonlinear Algebraic and Transcendental Equations: 4. 06 Muller's Method, Horner's Method, Multiple roots, Lin Bairtow's Method, Graeffe's Squaring Method. 5. Elements of Matrix Algebra: Gaussian Elimination method. Gauss 06 Jordan method, LU- decomposition from Gaussian Elimination method, Solution of Tridiagonal Systems, Eigen Value problems. Fuzzy Logic Theory and Applications: Classical logic theory, Logical 6. 06 functions of the Two Valued logic, Boolean algebra. Multi valued logic, Fuzzy logic and approximate reasoning, Fuzzy relations, Applications of fuzzy logic for product quality evaluation, Decision making for investment.

- 1. An Introduction to Numerical Analysis, Atkinson K. E., J. Wiley and Sons, 1989.
- 2. Theory and Problems of Numerical Analysis, Scheid F, McGraw Hill Book Company, (Shaum Series), 1988.
- 3. Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, Sastry S. S, Prentice Hall of India, 1998.
- 4. Fuzzy Mathematics, M. S Bapat, Shivaji University, Kolhapur, 2015.
- 5. Introduction to Fuzzy Systems, Guanrong Chen, Trung Tat Pham, Chapman and Hall/CRC Taylor and Francis Group.



POWER THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- First Year	Semester-II
M. Tech Electronics	
Course Code : ECS2014	Course Name: Antennas
	and Radiating Systems

L	Т	P	Credits
3			3

Course Description:

Antennas and Radiating Systems course is offered as the core course at the second semester of Electronics Engineering post-graduate programme; consist of two modules. The first module constitutes the study of basics of antennas, Linear and array antennas. The second module covers the study and analysis of aperture, microstrip and reflector antennas.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to,

- 1. Compute the far field distance, radiation pattern and gain of an antenna for given current distribution.
- 2. Estimate the input impedance, efficiency and ease of match for antennas.
- 3. Compute the array factor for an array of identical antennas.
- 4. Design antennas and antenna arrays for various desired radiation pattern characteristics.

Prerequisite:

Basic Knowledge of Electromagnetic Engineering.

Course Content						
Unit No	Description	Hrs				
1.	Types of Antennas: Wire antennas, Aperture antennas, Micro strip	06				
	antennas, Array antennas Reflector antennas, Lens antennas, Radiation					
	Mechanism, Current distribution on thin wire antenna. Fundamental					
	Parameters of Antennas: Radiation Pattern, Radiation Power Density,					



Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

	Radiation Intensity, Directivity, Gain, Antenna efficiency, Beam					
	efficiency, Bandwidth, Polarization, Input Impedance, radiation					
	efficiency, Antenna Vector effective length, Friis Transmission equation,					
	Antenna Temperature.					
2.	Linear Wire Antennas: Infinitesimal dipole, Small dipole, Region	06				
=	separation, Finite length dipole, half wave dipole, Ground effects. Loop					
	Antennas: Small Circular loop, Circular Loop of constant current,					
	Circular loop with non-uniform current.					
3.	Linear Arrays: Two element array, N Element array: Uniform	06				
5.		UU				
	Amplitude and spacing, Broadside and End fire array, Super directivity,					
	Planar array, Design consideration.					
4.	Aperture Antennas: Huygen's Field Equivalence principle, radiation	06				
	equations, Rectangular Aperture, Circular Aperture. Horn Antennas: E-					
	Plane, H-plane Sectoral horns, Pyramidal and Conical horns.					
5.	Micro strip Antennas: Basic Characteristics, Feeding mechanisms,	06				
	Method of analysis, Rectangular Patch, Circular Patch.					
6.	Reflector Antennas: Plane reflector, parabolic reflector, Cassegrain	06				
	reflectors, Introduction to MIMO.					
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					

Text Books:

- 1. Constantine A. Balanis, "Antenna Theory Analysis and Design", John Wiley & Sons, 4th edition, 2016.
- 2. John D Kraus, Ronald J Marhefka, Ahmad S Khan, "Antennas for All Applications", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2002.

Reference Books:

- 1. R.C.Johnson and H.Jasik, "Antenna Engineering hand book", Mc-Graw Hill,
- 2. I.J.Bhal and P.Bhartia, "Micro-strip antennas", Artech house, 1980.





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- First Year	Semester- II
M.Tech Electronics	
Course Code: ECS2024	Course Name: Wireless and
	Mobile Communication

L	Т	P	Credits
3			3

Course Description:

This course will provide an introduction and history of cellular communication systems that have changed our lives during the recent four decades and will become an essential and inseparable part of human life. The principles of wireless communication theory are covered with emphasis on the essential concept delivery to non-major learners in the easiest way. Then, it will be covered how such principles are realized and how multimedia services can be delivered in practical LTE cellular systems by which learners are connected and enjoys together in their lives.

Course Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Design appropriate mobile communication systems.
- 2. Apply frequency-reuse concept in mobile communications.
- 3. Distinguish various multiple-access techniques for mobile communications.
- 4. Analyze CDMA system functioning
- 5. Evaluate 3G, 4G technologies.

Prerequisite:

Basics of Communication Engineering.

Course	e Content	
Unit No	Description	Hrs
1.	Cellular Communication Fundamentals: Cellular system design,	06
	Frequency reuse, cell splitting, handover concepts, Co channel and	

K.E. Society's
Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale
(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)
Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

methods to improve cell coverage, Frequency management and channel assignment.GSM architecture and interfaces, GSM architecture details, GSM subsystems, GSM Logical Channels, Data Encryption in GSM, Mobility Management, Call Flows in GSM.2.5 G Standards: High speed Circuit Switched Data (HSCSD), General Packet Radio Service (GPRS), 2.75 G Standards: EDGE. 2. Spectral efficiency analysis based on calculations for Multiple access technologies: TDMA, FDMA and CDMA, Comparison of these technologies based on their signal separation techniques, advantages, disadvantages and application areas. Wireless network planning (Link budget and power spectrum calculations). 3. Mobile Radio Propagation: Large Scale Path Loss, Free Space Propagation Model, Reflection, Ground Reflection (Two-Ray) Model, Diffraction, Scattering, Practical Link Budget Design using Path Loss Models, Outdoor Propagation Models, Indoor Propagation Models, Signal Penetration into Buildings. Small Scale Fading and Multipath Propagation, Impulse response Model, Multipath Measurements, Parameters of Multipath channels, Types of Small Scale Fading: Time Delay Spread; Flat, Frequency selective, Doppler Spread; Fast and Slow fading. 4. Equalization, Diversity: Equalizers in a communications receiver, Algorithms for adaptive equalization, diversity techniques, space, polarization, frequency diversity, Interleaving. 5. Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS 95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and Channels.		adjacent channel interference, interference reduction techniques and	8-19
assignment.GSM architecture and interfaces, GSM architecture details, GSM subsystems, GSM Logical Channels, Data Encryption in GSM, Mobility Management, Call Flows in GSM.2.5 G Standards: High speed Circuit Switched Data (HSCSD), General Packet Radio Service (GPRS), 2.75 G Standards: EDGE. 2. Spectral efficiency analysis based on calculations for Multiple access technologies: TDMA, FDMA and CDMA, Comparison of these technologies based on their signal separation techniques, advantages, disadvantages and application areas. Wireless network planning (Link budget and power spectrum calculations). 3. Mobile Radio Propagation: Large Scale Path Loss, Free Space Propagation Model, Reflection, Ground Reflection (Two-Ray) Model, Diffraction, Scattering, Practical Link Budget Design using Path Loss Models, Outdoor Propagation Models, Indoor Propagation Models, Signal Penetration into Buildings. Small Scale Fading and Multipath Propagation, Impulse response Model, Multipath Measurements, Parameters of Multipath channels, Types of Small Scale Fading: Time Delay Spread; Flat, Frequency selective, Doppler Spread; Fast and Slow fading. 4. Equalization, Diversity: Equalizers in a communications receiver, Algorithms for adaptive equalization, diversity techniques, space, polarization, frequency diversity, Interleaving. 5. Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS 95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and			
GSM subsystems, GSM Logical Channels, Data Encryption in GSM, Mobility Management, Call Flows in GSM.2.5 G Standards: High speed Circuit Switched Data (HSCSD), General Packet Radio Service (GPRS), 2.75 G Standards: EDGE. 2. Spectral efficiency analysis based on calculations for Multiple access technologies: TDMA, FDMA and CDMA, Comparison of these technologies based on their signal separation techniques, advantages, disadvantages and application areas. Wireless network planning (Link budget and power spectrum calculations). 3. Mobile Radio Propagation: Large Scale Path Loss, Free Space Propagation Model, Reflection, Ground Reflection (Two-Ray) Model, Diffraction, Scattering, Practical Link Budget Design using Path Loss Models, Outdoor Propagation Models, Indoor Propagation Models, Signal Penetration into Buildings. Small Scale Fading and Multipath Propagation, Impulse response Model, Multipath Measurements, Parameters of Multipath channels, Types of Small Scale Fading: Time Delay Spread; Flat, Frequency selective, Doppler Spread; Fast and Slow fading. 4. Equalization, Diversity: Equalizers in a communications receiver, Algorithms for adaptive equalization, diversity techniques, space, polarization, frequency diversity, Interleaving. 5. Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS 95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and			
Circuit Switched Data (HSCSD), General Packet Radio Service (GPRS), 2.75 G Standards: EDGE. 2. Spectral efficiency analysis based on calculations for Multiple access technologies: TDMA, FDMA and CDMA, Comparison of these technologies based on their signal separation techniques, advantages, disadvantages and application areas. Wireless network planning (Link budget and power spectrum calculations). 3. Mobile Radio Propagation: Large Scale Path Loss, Free Space Propagation Model, Reflection, Ground Reflection (Two-Ray) Model, Diffraction, Scattering, Practical Link Budget Design using Path Loss Models, Outdoor Propagation Models, Indoor Propagation Models, Signal Penetration into Buildings. Small Scale Fading and Multipath Propagation, Impulse response Model, Multipath Measurements, Parameters of Multipath channels, Types of Small Scale Fading: Time Delay Spread; Flat, Frequency selective, Doppler Spread; Fast and Slow fading. 4. Equalization, Diversity: Equalizers in a communications receiver, Algorithms for adaptive equalization, diversity techniques, space, polarization, frequency diversity, Interleaving. 5. Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS 95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and			
 2.75 G Standards: EDGE. 2. Spectral efficiency analysis based on calculations for Multiple access technologies: TDMA, FDMA and CDMA, Comparison of these technologies based on their signal separation techniques, advantages, disadvantages and application areas. Wireless network planning (Link budget and power spectrum calculations). 3. Mobile Radio Propagation: Large Scale Path Loss, Free Space Propagation Model, Reflection, Ground Reflection (Two-Ray) Model, Diffraction, Scattering, Practical Link Budget Design using Path Loss Models, Outdoor Propagation Models, Indoor Propagation Models, Signal Penetration into Buildings. Small Scale Fading and Multipath Propagation, Impulse response Model, Multipath Measurements, Parameters of Multipath channels, Types of Small Scale Fading: Time Delay Spread; Flat, Frequency selective, Doppler Spread; Fast and Slow fading. 4. Equalization, Diversity: Equalizers in a communications receiver, Algorithms for adaptive equalization, diversity techniques, space, polarization, frequency diversity, Interleaving. 5. Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS 95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and 		Mobility Management, Call Flows in GSM.2.5 G Standards: High speed	
 Spectral efficiency analysis based on calculations for Multiple access technologies: TDMA, FDMA and CDMA, Comparison of these technologies based on their signal separation techniques, advantages, disadvantages and application areas. Wireless network planning (Link budget and power spectrum calculations). Mobile Radio Propagation: Large Scale Path Loss, Free Space Propagation Model, Reflection, Ground Reflection (Two-Ray) Model, Diffraction, Scattering, Practical Link Budget Design using Path Loss Models, Outdoor Propagation Models, Indoor Propagation Models, Signal Penetration into Buildings. Small Scale Fading and Multipath Propagation, Impulse response Model, Multipath Measurements, Parameters of Multipath channels, Types of Small Scale Fading: Time Delay Spread; Flat, Frequency selective, Doppler Spread; Fast and Slow fading. Equalization, Diversity: Equalizers in a communications receiver, Algorithms for adaptive equalization, diversity techniques, space, polarization, frequency diversity, Interleaving. Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS 95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and 		Circuit Switched Data (HSCSD), General Packet Radio Service (GPRS),	
technologies: TDMA, FDMA and CDMA, Comparison of these technologies based on their signal separation techniques, advantages, disadvantages and application areas. Wireless network planning (Link budget and power spectrum calculations). 3. Mobile Radio Propagation: Large Scale Path Loss, Free Space Propagation Model, Reflection, Ground Reflection (Two-Ray) Model, Diffraction, Scattering, Practical Link Budget Design using Path Loss Models, Outdoor Propagation Models, Indoor Propagation Models, Signal Penetration into Buildings. Small Scale Fading and Multipath Propagation, Impulse response Model, Multipath Measurements, Parameters of Multipath channels, Types of Small Scale Fading: Time Delay Spread; Flat, Frequency selective, Doppler Spread; Fast and Slow fading. 4. Equalization, Diversity: Equalizers in a communications receiver, Algorithms for adaptive equalization, diversity techniques, space, polarization, frequency diversity, Interleaving. 5. Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS 95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and		2.75 G Standards: EDGE.	
technologies based on their signal separation techniques, advantages, disadvantages and application areas. Wireless network planning (Link budget and power spectrum calculations). 3. Mobile Radio Propagation: Large Scale Path Loss, Free Space Propagation Model, Reflection, Ground Reflection (Two-Ray) Model, Diffraction, Scattering, Practical Link Budget Design using Path Loss Models, Outdoor Propagation Models, Indoor Propagation Models, Signal Penetration into Buildings. Small Scale Fading and Multipath Propagation, Impulse response Model, Multipath Measurements, Parameters of Multipath channels, Types of Small Scale Fading: Time Delay Spread; Flat, Frequency selective, Doppler Spread; Fast and Slow fading. 4. Equalization, Diversity: Equalizers in a communications receiver, Algorithms for adaptive equalization, diversity techniques, space, polarization, frequency diversity, Interleaving. 5. Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS 95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and	2.	Spectral efficiency analysis based on calculations for Multiple access	06
disadvantages and application areas. Wireless network planning (Link budget and power spectrum calculations). 3. Mobile Radio Propagation: Large Scale Path Loss, Free Space Propagation Model, Reflection, Ground Reflection (Two-Ray) Model, Diffraction, Scattering, Practical Link Budget Design using Path Loss Models, Outdoor Propagation Models, Indoor Propagation Models, Signal Penetration into Buildings. Small Scale Fading and Multipath Propagation, Impulse response Model, Multipath Measurements, Parameters of Multipath channels, Types of Small Scale Fading: Time Delay Spread; Flat, Frequency selective, Doppler Spread; Fast and Slow fading. 4. Equalization, Diversity: Equalizers in a communications receiver, Algorithms for adaptive equalization, diversity techniques, space, polarization, frequency diversity, Interleaving. 5. Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS 95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and		technologies: TDMA, FDMA and CDMA, Comparison of these	
 budget and power spectrum calculations). 3. Mobile Radio Propagation: Large Scale Path Loss, Free Space Propagation Model, Reflection, Ground Reflection (Two-Ray) Model, Diffraction, Scattering, Practical Link Budget Design using Path Loss Models, Outdoor Propagation Models, Indoor Propagation Models, Signal Penetration into Buildings. Small Scale Fading and Multipath Propagation, Impulse response Model, Multipath Measurements, Parameters of Multipath channels, Types of Small Scale Fading: Time Delay Spread; Flat, Frequency selective, Doppler Spread; Fast and Slow fading. 4. Equalization, Diversity: Equalizers in a communications receiver, Algorithms for adaptive equalization, diversity techniques, space, polarization, frequency diversity, Interleaving. 5. Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS 95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and 		technologies based on their signal separation techniques, advantages,	
 Mobile Radio Propagation: Large Scale Path Loss, Free Space Propagation Model, Reflection, Ground Reflection (Two-Ray) Model, Diffraction, Scattering, Practical Link Budget Design using Path Loss Models, Outdoor Propagation Models, Indoor Propagation Models, Signal Penetration into Buildings. Small Scale Fading and Multipath Propagation, Impulse response Model, Multipath Measurements, Parameters of Multipath channels, Types of Small Scale Fading: Time Delay Spread; Flat, Frequency selective, Doppler Spread; Fast and Slow fading. Equalization, Diversity: Equalizers in a communications receiver, Algorithms for adaptive equalization, diversity techniques, space, polarization, frequency diversity, Interleaving. Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS 95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and 		disadvantages and application areas. Wireless network planning (Link	
Propagation Model, Reflection, Ground Reflection (Two-Ray) Model, Diffraction, Scattering, Practical Link Budget Design using Path Loss Models, Outdoor Propagation Models, Indoor Propagation Models, Signal Penetration into Buildings. Small Scale Fading and Multipath Propagation, Impulse response Model, Multipath Measurements, Parameters of Multipath channels, Types of Small Scale Fading: Time Delay Spread; Flat, Frequency selective, Doppler Spread; Fast and Slow fading. 4. Equalization, Diversity: Equalizers in a communications receiver, Algorithms for adaptive equalization, diversity techniques, space, polarization, frequency diversity, Interleaving. 5. Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS 95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and		budget and power spectrum calculations).	
Diffraction, Scattering, Practical Link Budget Design using Path Loss Models, Outdoor Propagation Models, Indoor Propagation Models, Signal Penetration into Buildings. Small Scale Fading and Multipath Propagation, Impulse response Model, Multipath Measurements, Parameters of Multipath channels, Types of Small Scale Fading: Time Delay Spread; Flat, Frequency selective, Doppler Spread; Fast and Slow fading. 4. Equalization, Diversity: Equalizers in a communications receiver, Algorithms for adaptive equalization, diversity techniques, space, polarization, frequency diversity, Interleaving. 5. Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS 95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and	3.	Mobile Radio Propagation: Large Scale Path Loss, Free Space	06
Models, Outdoor Propagation Models, Indoor Propagation Models, Signal Penetration into Buildings. Small Scale Fading and Multipath Propagation, Impulse response Model, Multipath Measurements, Parameters of Multipath channels, Types of Small Scale Fading: Time Delay Spread; Flat, Frequency selective, Doppler Spread; Fast and Slow fading. 4. Equalization, Diversity: Equalizers in a communications receiver, Algorithms for adaptive equalization, diversity techniques, space, polarization, frequency diversity, Interleaving. 5. Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS 95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and		Propagation Model, Reflection, Ground Reflection (Two-Ray) Model,	
Penetration into Buildings. Small Scale Fading and Multipath Propagation, Impulse response Model, Multipath Measurements, Parameters of Multipath channels, Types of Small Scale Fading: Time Delay Spread; Flat, Frequency selective, Doppler Spread; Fast and Slow fading. 4. Equalization, Diversity: Equalizers in a communications receiver, Algorithms for adaptive equalization, diversity techniques, space, polarization, frequency diversity, Interleaving. 5. Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS 95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and		Diffraction, Scattering, Practical Link Budget Design using Path Loss	
Propagation, Impulse response Model, Multipath Measurements, Parameters of Multipath channels, Types of Small Scale Fading: Time Delay Spread; Flat, Frequency selective, Doppler Spread; Fast and Slow fading. 4. Equalization, Diversity: Equalizers in a communications receiver, Algorithms for adaptive equalization, diversity techniques, space, polarization, frequency diversity, Interleaving. 5. Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS 95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and		Models, Outdoor Propagation Models, Indoor Propagation Models, Signal	
Parameters of Multipath channels, Types of Small Scale Fading: Time Delay Spread; Flat, Frequency selective, Doppler Spread; Fast and Slow fading. 4. Equalization, Diversity: Equalizers in a communications receiver, Algorithms for adaptive equalization, diversity techniques, space, polarization, frequency diversity, Interleaving. 5. Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS 95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and		Penetration into Buildings. Small Scale Fading and Multipath	
Delay Spread; Flat, Frequency selective, Doppler Spread; Fast and Slow fading. 4. Equalization, Diversity: Equalizers in a communications receiver, Algorithms for adaptive equalization, diversity techniques, space, polarization, frequency diversity, Interleaving. 5. Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS 95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and		Propagation, Impulse response Model, Multipath Measurements,	
 fading. 4. Equalization, Diversity: Equalizers in a communications receiver, Algorithms for adaptive equalization, diversity techniques, space, polarization, frequency diversity, Interleaving. 5. Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS 95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and 		Parameters of Multipath channels, Types of Small Scale Fading: Time	
 Equalization, Diversity: Equalizers in a communications receiver, Algorithms for adaptive equalization, diversity techniques, space, polarization, frequency diversity, Interleaving. Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS 95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and 		Delay Spread; Flat, Frequency selective, Doppler Spread; Fast and Slow	
Algorithms for adaptive equalization, diversity techniques, space, polarization, frequency diversity, Interleaving. 5. Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS 95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and		fading.	
polarization, frequency diversity, Interleaving. 5. Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS 95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and	4.	Equalization, Diversity: Equalizers in a communications receiver,	06
5. Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS 95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and		Algorithms for adaptive equalization, diversity techniques, space,	
95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS 95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and		polarization, frequency diversity, Interleaving.	
95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and	5.	Code Division Multiple Access: Introduction to CDMA technology, IS	06
channels of IS 95 CDMA, IS 95 CDMA Call Processing, soft Handoff, Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and	8	95 system Architecture, Air Interface, Physical and logical channels of IS	
Evolution of IS 95 (CDMA One) to CDMA 2000, CDMA 2000 layering structure and		95, Forward Link and Reverse link operation, Physical and Logical	
structure and			
Channels.		Street Secretaria (CO September)	
		Channels.	



Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

6. Higher Generation Cellular Standards: 3G Standards: evolved EDGE, enhancements in 4G standard, Architecture and representative protocols, call flow for LTE, VoLTE, UMTS, introduction to 5G.

References -

- 1. V. K. Garg, J. E. Wilkes, "Principle and Application of GSM", Pearson Education, 5th edition, 2008.
- 2. V. K. Garg, "IS-95 CDMA & CDMA 2000", Pearson Education, 4th edition, 2009.
- 3. T. S. Rappaport, "Wireless Communications Principles and Practice", 2nd edition, PHI, 2002.
- 4. William C. Y. Lee, "Mobile Cellular Telecommunications Analog and Digital Systems", 2nd edition, TMH, 1995.
- 5. Asha Mehrotra, "A GSM system Engineering" Artech House Publishers Bosten, London, 1997.





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- First Year	Semester- II
M.Tech Electronics	
Course Code : ECS2034	Course Name : (PE-III)
	Automotive Electronics

L	Т	P	Credits
3			3

Course Description:

The course will be helpful to provide overview of automotive electronics used in vehicles. This will be helpful for future generation automobile vehicles as hybrid vehicles and battery operated vehicles which is emerging demand of the world.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to,

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- 1. Describe components of automotive electronics and its evolution and trends.
- 2. Develop automotive grade microcontroller based system.
- 3. Design and model various automotive control systems.
- 4. Describe safety standards and advances towards autonomous vehicles.

Prerequisite:

Knowledge of instrumentation, control systems and linear algebra

Course Content				
Unit No	Description	Hrs		
1.	Automotive System: Role of technology in Automotive Electronics and	06		
	interdisciplinary design tools and processes. Introduction to modern			
	automotive systems and need for electronics in automobiles and			
	application areas of electronic systems in modern automobiles, Overview			
	of Hybrid Vehicles.			

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

	Course Structure/RIT/01/201	
2.	Automotive Sensors and Actuators:	06
	Systems approach to control and instrumentation: Concept of a system,	
	Analog and Digital systems, Basic measurements systems- Automotive	
	Sensors, Sensor characteristics, Sensor response, Sensor error,	
	Redundancy of sensors in ECUs, Avoiding redundancy, Sensor	
	modeling, Smart Nodes, Examples of sensors in automotive. Actuators	
	- Examples of actuators in automotive- solenoid and motor based	
3.	Microcontrollers/Microprocessors in Automotive domain,	06
	Communication protocols:	
	Microcontrollers/Microprocessors in Automotive domain: Review of	
	microprocessor, microcontroller and digital signal processor	
	development, Criteria to choose the right microcontroller/processor for	
	automotive applications, Automotive grade processors. Communication	
	Protocols: Overview of Automotive communication protocols: CAN,	
	LIN, Flex Ray, MOST, Ethernet, D2B and DSI.	
4.	Automotive Control Systems	06
	Control system approach in Automotive (State variables approach	
	only):Analog and Digital control methods, modeling of linear systems,	
	System responses. Modeling of Automotive Systems simple examples	
	(PID tuning by Zeigler-Nichols Method).	
5.	Model based Development:	06
	Model-Based Design for a small system, Explore the system response	
	using different control methods, Study of system modeling of any one	
	of the Automotive systems.	
6.	Safety Systems in Automobiles and Diagnostic Systems:	06
	Active Safety Systems: ABS, TCS, ESP, Brake assist etc Passive Safety	
	Systems: Airbag systems, Advanced Driver Assistance Systems (ADAS),	
	Examples of assistance applications. Functional Safety: Need for safety	
	systems, safety concept, safety process for product life cycle, Safety by	
	design, Validation. Diagnostics: On board and off board diagnostics in	
	Automobiles, Diagnostic tools, Diagnostic protocols	
4	10000-23	



Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Text Books:

- 1. William B. Ribbens, "Understanding Automotive Electronics", 6thEdition, Newness Publication, An imprint of Elsevier Science, 2003and onwards.
- 2. Ronald K Jurgen, "Automotive Electronics Handbook, 2ndEdition, McGraw-Hill, 1999and onwards.
- 3. K. Ogata, "Modern Control Engineering", Prentice Hall, 5th Edition and onwards.

Reference Books:

- 3. Tom Denton, "Advanced Automotive Diagnosis, 2ndEdition, Elsevier, 2006and onwards.
- 4. Allan Bonnick, "Automotive Computer Controlled Systems: Diagnostic Tools and Techniques Elsevier Science, 2001 and onwards





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- First Year	Semester- II
M.Tech Electronics	
Course Code: ECS2044	Course Name : (PE-III)
	Internet of Things

L	Т	P	Credits
3		1	3

Course Description: The Internet of Things (IoT) is expanding at a rapid rate, and it is becoming increasingly important for professionals to understand what it is, how it works, and how to harness its power to improve business. This course will enable learners to leverage technical knowledge across IoT-related functions in the workplace. In the course; we will examine the concept of IoT. We will look at the 'things' that make up the Internet of Things, including how those components are connected together, how they communicate, and how they value add to the data generated. We will also examine cyber security and privacy issues, and highlight how IoT can optimize processes and improve efficiencies in your business.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to,

- 1. Identify IoT technologies in certain scenarios.
- 2. Describe technologies which are available for IoT solutions.
- 3. Apply technologies for IoT applications

Prerequisite:

Basic knowledge of WSN

Course	e Content	
Unit No	Description	Hrs
1.	Smart cities and IoT revolution, Fractal cities, From IT to IoT, M2M and peer networking concepts, Ipv4 and IPV6	
2.	Software Defined Networks SDN, From Cloud to Fog and MIST	06

THE OF TECHNOLOGY

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

	Course Structure/KI1/01/201	0-17
	networking for IoT communications, Principles of Edge/P2P networking,	
	Protocols to support IoT communications, modular design and	
	abstraction, security and privacy in fog. pipelining, VLIW (Very Long	
	Instruction Word) processor.	
3.	Wireless sensor networks: introduction, IOT networks (PAN, LAN and	06
	WAN), Edge resource pooling and caching, client side control and	
	configuration.	
4.	Smart objects as building blocks for IoT, Open source hardware and	06
	Embedded systems platforms for IoT, Edge/gateway, IO drivers, C	
	Programming, multithreading concepts.	
5.	Operating systems requirement of IoT environment, study of mbed, RIoT,	06
	and Contiki operating systems, Introductory concepts of big data for IoT	
	applications	
6.	Applications of IoT, Connected cars IoT Transportation, Smart Grid and	06
	Healthcare sectors using IoT, Security and legal considerations, IT Act	
	2000 and scope for IoT legislation.	

References -

- A Bahaga, V. Madisetti, "Internet of Things- Hands on approach", VPT publisher, 2014.
- 2. A. McEwen, H. Cassimally, "Designing the Internet of Things", Wiley, 2013.
- 3. CunoP fister, "Getting started with Internet of Things", Maker Media, 1st edition, 2011
- 4. Samuel Greenguard, "Internet of things", MIT Press, 2015.

Web resources:

- http://www.datamation.com/open-source/35-open-source-tools-for-the-internet-of-things-1.html
- https://developer.mbed.org/handbook/AnalogIn
- http://www.libelium.com/50 sensor applications/





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics
Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- First Year	Semester- II	
M.Tech Electronics		
Course Code: ECS2054	Course Name : (PE-III)	
	Voice and Data	
	Networks	

L	Т	P	Credits
3	-		3

Course Description:

Understanding Voice and Data Networks is intended as an introduction to the communications technologies used in transporting voice and data. It provides a broad base of knowledge into communication networks but doesn't require prior technical background or experience in the field. Topics include: basis of voice, video and data communication, network terminologies, architecture, switching techniques, network design, basic queuing analysis, protocols, Transmission Control Protocol (TCP), Internet Protocol (IP), Routing Techniques and Performance Analysis.

Course Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Describe Protocol, algorithms, trade-offs rationale for voice and data network.
- 2. Apply Routing and transport protocols.
- 3. Identify congestion algorithms.

Prerequisite:

Knowledge of Mobile Communication

Course	e Content	
Unit No	Description	Hrs
1.	Network Design Issues: Network Performance Issues, Network	06
	Terminology, centralized and distributed approaches for networks design,	
	Issues in design of voice and data networks.	
2.	Layered and Layer less Communication: Cross layer design of	06
	Networks, Voice Networks (wired and wireless) and Switching, Circuit	1.00

PAPER SECURITY OF THE CHARGE O

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19 Switching and Packet Switching, Statistical Multiplexing. Data Networks and their Design: Link layer design- Link adaptation, 3. 06 Link Layer Protocols, Retransmission. Mechanisms (ARQ), Hybrid ARQ (HARQ), Go Back N, Selective Repeat protocols and their analysis. Oueuing Models of Networks:, Traffic Models, Little's Theorem, 06 4. Markov chains, M/M/1 and other Markov systems, Multiple Access Protocols, Aloha System, Carrier Sensing, Examples of Local area networks. Inter-networking: Bridging, Global Internet, IP protocol and addressing. Sub netting, Classless Inter domain Routing (CIDR), IP address lookup, Routing in Internet. End to End Protocols, TCP and UDP. Congestion Control, Additive Increase/Multiplicative Decrease, Slow Start, Fast Retransmit/ Fast Recovery. Congestion avoidance: RED TCP Throughput Analysis, Quality of 06 6. Service in Packet Networks. Network Calculus, Packet Scheduling Algorithms.

References -

- 1. D. Bertsekas and R. Gallager, "Data Networks", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 1992.
- 2. L. Peterson and B. S. Davie, "Computer Networks: A Systems Approach",5th Edition, Morgan Kaufman, 2011.
- 3. Kumar, D. Manjunath and J. Kuri, "Communication Networking: An analytical approach", 1st Edition, Morgan Kaufman, 2004.
- 4. Walrand, "Communications Network: A First Course", 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill, 2002.
- 5. Leonard Kleinrock, "Queueing Systems, Volume I: Theory", 1st Edition, John Wiley and Sons, 1975.
- Aaron Kershenbaum, "Telecommunication Network Design Algorithms", McGraw Hill, 1993.
- 7. Vijay Ahuja, "Design and Analysis of Computer Communication Networks", McGraw Hill, 1987.



Park Street

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- First Year	Semester- II
M.Tech Electronics	
Course Code : ECS2064	Course Name: (PE-IV)
	Soft Computing

L	Т	P	Credits
3			3

Course Description:

This course provides an introduction to the basic concepts of Soft Computing methodology and covers three main components – Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic and genetic algorithm. The course combines theoretical foundations with practical applications using different tools and techniques.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to,

- 1. Identify soft computing techniques and their roles in building intelligent machines
- 2. Apply fuzzy logic and reasoning to handle uncertainty and solve engineering problems
- 3. Describe genetic algorithms to combinatorial optimization problems
- 4. Apply neural networks to pattern classification and regression problems

Prerequisite:

Basic knowledge of set theory

Course	Content	
Unit No	Description	Hrs
1.	Fuzzy sets and membership, Universe of discourse, Classical sets	06
	operations and properties, Fuzzy sets operations and properties, mapping,	
	Cartesian product, crisp relations, fuzzy relations, membership functions,	
er	Fuzzy arithmetic.	

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

2.	Soft computing: What is soft computing? Differences between soft	06
	computing and hard computing, Soft Computing constituents, Methods	
	in soft computing, Applications of Soft Computing, Concept, biological	
	neural system. Evolution of neural network, McCulloch-Pitts neuron	
	model, activation functions, feed forward networks, feedback	
	networks, learning rules - Hebbian, Delta, Percepron learning and	
	Windrow-Hoff, winner-take-all.	
3.	Neural Network: Perceptron learning, single 1 layer/multilayer	06
	perceptron, linear separability, hidden layers, back popagation	
	algorithm, Radial Basis Function network; Unsupervised learning,	
	applications of neural networks to pattern recognition systems such as	
	character recognition, face recognition, application of neural networks in	
	image processing.	
4.	Fuzzy controller; Fuzzy Rules & Fuzzy Reasoning, Fuzzy Inference	06
	Systems, Fuzzy Expert Systems, Fuzzy Decision Making; Neuro-fuzzy	
	modeling- Adaptive Neuro-Fuzzy Inference Systems, Coactive Neuro-	
	Fuzzy Modeling, Classification and Regression Trees, Data Clustering	
	Algorithms, Rule base Structure Identification and Neuro-Fuzzy	
	Control, Applications of neuro-fuzzy modeling.	
5.	Introduction to Genetic Algorithms (GA), Representation, Operators in	06
	GA, Fitness function, population, building block hypothesis and schema	
	theorem.; Genetic algorithms operators- methods of selection, crossover	
	and mutation, simple GA(SGA), other types of GA, generation gap,	
	steady state GA, Applications of GA.	
6.	Swarm intelligence: What is swarm intelligence? Various animal	06
	behaviors which have been used as examples, ant colony optimization,	
	swarm intelligence in bees, flocks of birds, ant-based routing and particle	
	swarm optimization.	



Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Text Books:

- **1.** S.N. Shivanandam, Principle of soft computing, Wiley. ISBN13: 9788126527410(2011)
- **2.** Jyh-Shing Roger Jang, Chuen-Tsai Sun, Eiji Mizutani, "Neuro-Fuzzy and Soft Computing", Prentice-Hall of India, 2003.
- **3.** George J. Klir and Bo Yuan, "Fuzzy Sets and Fuzzy Logic-Theory and Applications", Prentice Hall,1995.
- **4.** James A. Freeman and David M. Skapura, "Neural Networks Algorithms, Applications, and Programming Techniques", Pearson publication., 2003.

Reference Books:

- Mitchell Melanie, "An Introduction to Genetic Algorithm", Prentice Hall, 1998.
- 2. David E. Goldberg, Genetic Algorithms in Search, Optimization & Machine Learning, Addison Wesley, 1997.





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics
Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- First Year	Semester-II
M.Tech Electronics	
Course Code: ECS2074	Course Name : (PE-IV)
	Electric Drives

L	Т	P	Credits
3			3

Course Description:

An electric drive is offered as elective course for Electronics Engineering postgraduate programme. The contents of the course focus on ac and dc drives, traction drives and energy conservation of drives. This course is useful for developing upcoming areas of autonomous vehicles.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to,

- 1. Describe operation and applications of drives.
- 2. Design drives for various applications.
- 3. Illustrate methods of energy conservation in electric drives.

Prerequisite:

Knowledge of power electronics.

Course Content		
Unit No	Description	Hrs
1.	Dynamics of Electric Drives: Definition, Advantages of electrical drives,	06
	Components of Electric drive system, Selection Factors, Types of	
	Electrical Drives (DC & AC). Motor-Load Dynamics, Speed Torque	
	conventions and multi quadrant operation, Equivalent values of drive	
	parameters. Load Torque Components, Nature and classification of Load	
	Torques, Constant Torque and Constant Power operation of a Drive.	
2.	Electrical Braking: Electrical braking methods, characteristics of DC	06

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale
(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

	Course Structure/RI1/01/201	0-19
	Motors: Rheostatic, Plugging, and Regenerative. Electrical braking	
	method of three phase induction motor: DC Dynamic Braking, Plugging,	
	Regenerative Braking, AC Rheostatic braking, motor braking methods	
	using static devices. Closed loop control of drives: current limit control,	
	torque control and speed control.	
3.	Solid State Controlled D.C. Motors: Single phase and three phases fully	06
	controlled converter drives and performance of converter fed separately	
	excited DC Motor for starting and speed control operations. Chopper	
	controlled drives for separately excited and series DC Motor operations.	
	Closed loop speed control of DC motor below and above base speed.	
4.	Solid State Controlled Induction Motors	06
	Mathematical modeling of ac drives, Induction motor characteristics,	
	control strategies like stator voltage control, v/f control, rotor resistance	
	control, use of CSI for induction motor control, PWM control, controlled	
	slip system, slip power recovery system, close loop control, direct vector	
	control & indirect vector control, breaking of induction motor, soft	
	acceleration and deceleration, various protections.	
5.	Traction drives: electric traction services, electric trains, electric buses,	06
	trams and trolleys, nature of traction load, main line and suburban train	
	configurations, braking, important feature of traction drives, motors	
	employed in traction, conventional ac and dc traction drives,	-
2	semiconductor converter controlled drives.	
6.	Energy conservation in electric drives: losses in electrical drive system,	06
	measures for energy conservation in electrical drives, use of efficient	
	semiconductor converters, use of efficient motors, use of variable speed	
	drives, energy efficient operation of drives, improvement of power factor,	
	improvement of quality of supply.	



THE OF THE STATE O

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Text Books:

- 1. G. K. Dubey, "Fundamentals of Electric Drives", 2nd Edition, Narosa Publishing House
- 2. S. K. Pillai, "Analysis of Thyristor Power Conditioned Motors", University Press

Reference Books:

- 1. K. Bose, "Modern Power Electronics and AC Drives", Pearson Education
- 2. R. Krishnan, "Electric Motor Drives Modeling Analysis and Control", PHI India
- 3. V. Subrahmanyam, "Electric Drives: Concepts & Application", Tata Mc-Graw Hill





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class: - First Year

M.Tech Electronics

Course Code: ECS2084

Course Name: (PE-IV)

High Performance Networks

L	Т	P	Credits
3		1	3

Course Description:

The course deals with the networks, voice over IP, network security and ecosystem of networks. The high performance networks are discussed in this course with reference to design analysis and implementation of different types of networks.

The modeling, routing algorithms are elaborated in detail.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to,

- 1. Explain the concepts of Networks, VoIP, VPN, Network security and management.
- 2. Solve numerical based on networks, routing and traffic modeling.
- 3. Analyze the Network designs, VoIP/ VPN architectures and network security.
- 4. Evaluate the performance of networks, system architecture and infrastructure.
- 5. Design and implement networks with suitable architecture, protocols and infrastructure.

Prerequisite:

Knowledge of Mathematics, Digital Communications and computer networks.

Course Content			
Unit No	Description	Hrs	
1.	Types of Networks, : Network design issues, Data in support of network design. Network design tools, protocols and architecture. Streaming stored Audio and Video, Best effort service, protocols for real time	06	
	interactive applications, Beyond best effort, scheduling and policing		



Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

	mechanism, integrated services, and RSVP-differentiated services.	10 17
2.	VoIP system architecture, : protocol hierarchy, Structure of a voice endpoint, Protocols for the transport of voice media over IP networks.	06
	Providing IP quality of service for voice, signaling protocols for VoIP,	
	PSTN gateways, VoIP applications.	
3.	VPN-Remote-Access VPN, site-to-site VPN, Tunneling to PPP, Security	06
	in VPN. MPLS-operation, Routing, Tunneling and use of FEC, Traffic	
	Engineering, MPLS based VPN, overlay networks-P2P connections.	
4.	Traffic Modeling: Little's theorem, Need for modeling, Poisson	06
	modeling, Non-poisson models, Network performance evaluation.	
5.	Network Security and Management: Principles of cryptography, Authentication, integrity, key distribution and certification, Access	06
	control and fire walls, attacks and counter measures, security in many	
	layers.	3
6.	Infrastructure for network management, The internet standard	06
	management framework -SMI, MIB, SNMP, Security and administration,	
	ASN.1.	

Text Books:

- 1. Warland J., Varaiya P., "High-Performance Communication Networks", Morgan Kaufmann, 1996.
- 2. Kershenbaum A., "Telecommunications Network Design Algorithms", Tata McGraw Hill, 1993.
- 3. Larry Peterson & Bruce David, "Computer Networks: A System Approach", Morgan Kaufmann, 2003.

Reference Books:

- 1. Douskalis B., "IP Telephony: The Integration of Robust VoIP Services", Pearson Ed. Asia, 2000.
- 2. Stallings W., "High-Speed Networks: TCP/IP and ATM Design Principles", Prentice Hall, 1998.
- 3. Leon Garcia, Widjaja, "Communication networks", TMH 7threprint 2002.





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)
Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- First Year	Semester- II
M. Tech Electronics	
Course Code: SHP551	Course Name : Technical
	Communication

L	Т	P	Credits
2	0	0	0

Course Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to,

- 1. Acquire skills required for good oral and written communication
- 2. Demonstrate improved writing and reading skills

Prerequisite: --

Course Content		
Unit No	Description	Hrs
1.	Planning and Preparation, Word Order, Breaking up long sentences, Structuring Paragraphs and Sentences, Being Concise and Removing Redundancy, Avoiding Ambiguity and Vagueness	04
2.	Clarifying Who Did What, Highlighting Your Findings, Hedging and Criticizing, Paraphrasing and Plagiarism	04
3.	Sections of a Paper, Abstracts, Introduction, Review of the Literature, Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusions, The Final Check.	04
4.	Key skills needed when writing a Title, key skills needed when writing an Abstract, key skills needed when writing an Introduction, skills needed when writing a Review of the Literature	04
5.	Key skills needed when writing the Methods, skills needed when writing the Results, skills needed when writing the Discussion, skills needed when writing the Conclusions, useful phrases, how to ensure good quality	04



Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics
Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-10

	Course Structure/RH1/01/201	0-19
	of the paper at the time of submission	
6.	Professional skills: Resume Writing, e-Mails, Interview skills, Dos and	04
	Don'ts while Answering, FAQs, GROUP DISCUSSION: Structured and	
	Unstructured GD, Opening and Closure, Showing Agreement and	
	Disagreement	

References -

- Goldbort R ,Writing for Science, Yale University Press (available on Google Books), 2006
- 2. Day R , How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press, 2006
- 3. Highman N, Handbook of Writing for the Mathematical Sciences, SIAM. Highman's book, 1998.
- 4. Adrian Wallwork, English for Writing Research Papers, Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London, 2011
- 5. John Seely, Oxford Guide to Effective Writing and Speaking; Oxford University Press, 2009.
- 6. Thomas N. Huckin and Leslie A. Olsen, Technical Writing and Professional Communication for Nonnative Speakers of English; Tata McGraw Hills, International Edition, 1991.
- Jeff Butterfield, Soft Skills for Everyone, Cengage Learning India Private Limited, 2010





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics
Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- First Year M.Tech Electronics	Semester-II
Course Code : ECS2094	Course Name: Antennas and Radiating Systems Lab

L	T	P	Credits
0	0	4	2

Course Description:

Antennas and Radiating Systems Lab constitute of design and test of basics of antennas, Linear and array antennas. It covers the study and analysis of aperture, microstrip and reflector antennas.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to,

- 1. Determine specifications, design, construct and test antenna.
- 2. Explore and use tools for designing, analyzing and testing antennas.

Prerequisite	Prerequisite:			
Course Content				
Experiment No	Description			
1.	Simulation of half wave dipole antenna.	04		
2.	Simulation of change of the radius of dipole wire on frequency of resonance of antenna.	04		
3.	Simulation of change of the length of dipole wire on frequency of resonance of antenna.	04		
4.	Simulation of full wave antenna and comparison of their parameters	04		
5.	Simulation of quarter wave antenna and comparison of their parameters	04		
6.	Simulation of monopole antenna without ground plane	04		
7.	Simulation of monopole antenna with ground plane	04		
8.	Study the effect of the height of the monopole antenna on the radiation characteristics of the antenna.	04		



Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale
(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)
Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

9.	Study the effect of the height of the microstrip antenna on the	
	radiation characteristics of the antenna.	
10.	Study the effect of change in distance between elements of array on radiation pattern of dipole array.	04
11.	Develop rectangular patch antenna.	04
12.	Develop circular patch antenna.	04





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- First Year M.Tech Electronics	Semester-II
Course Code : ECS2104	Course Name : Wireless & Mobile Communication Lab

L	Т	P	Credits
		4	2

Course Description:

A laboratory course that covers the following topics: basics of wireless and mobile communication, radio network planning for the GSM cellular system, CDMA, SDR, analyze different modulation techniques. The lab course represents a novel initiative to increase interactive learning by integrating communications theory fundamental knowledge with state-of-the-art wireless communications software tools. The experiments are carefully designed to enhance the analytical skills and to advance the academic and practical knowledge of the students.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to,

- 1. Illustrate Cellular concepts, GSM and CDMA networks.
- 2. Outline GSM handset by experimentation and fault insertion techniques.
- 3. Interpret CDMA concept using DSSS.
- 4. Develop concepts of Software Radio in real time environment.

Prerequisite:

Knowledge of GSM, CDMA Network

Experiment No	Description	Hrs
1.	Understanding Cellular fundamentals like Frequency Reuse, Interface, cell splitting, multi path environment, Coverage and Capacity issues using communication software.	04
2.	Knowing GSM and CDMA architecture, network concepts, call management, call setup, call release, Security and Power Control, Handoff Process and types, Rake receiver etc.	04
3.	Study of GSM handset for various signaling and fault insertion	04



MONEY STREET, STREET,

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

		8-19
	techniques (Major GSM handset sections: clock, SIM card, charging, LCD module, Keyboards, User Interface).	
	charging, LCD module, Reyboards, Oser mierrace).	
4.	To study transmitters and receiver section in mobile and measure	04
	frequency band signal and GMSK modulating signal.	
5.	To study various GSM At commands their use and developing new	04
	application using it.	-
6.	Understanding of 3G Communication System with features like;	04
	transmission of voice and video calls, SMS, MMS, TCP/IP, HTTP,	
	GPS and file system by AT Commands in 3G network.	
7.	Study of DSSS technique for CDMA, observe effect of types of	04
	PN codes, chip rate, spreading factor, processing gain on performance.	
8.	To learn and develop concepts of Software Radio in real time	04
	environment by studying the building blocks.	
9.	To learn and develop concepts of Software Radio in real time	04
	environment by convolution encoder,	
10.	To study SDR using Interweaver and De Interweaver	04
11.	To study and analyze different modulation techniques in time and	04
	frequency domain using SDR kit.	
12.	Demonstration of 4G and 5G	

References -

- 1. V. K. Garg, J. E. Wilkes, "Principle and Application of GSM", Pearson Education, 5th edition, 2008.
- 2. V. K. Garg, "IS-95 CDMA & CDMA 2000", Pearson Education, 4th edition, 2009.
- 3. T. S. Rappaport, "Wireless Communications Principles and Practice", 2nd edition, PHI, 2002.
- 4. William C. Y. Lee, "Mobile Cellular Telecommunications Analog and Digital Systems", 2nd edition, TMH, 1995.
- 5. Asha Mehrotra, "A GSM system Engineering" Artech House Publishers Bosten, London, 1997.





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)
Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics
Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- First Year M.Tech Electronics	Semester- II
Course Code : ECS2124	Course Name :
	Mini Project

L	T	P	Credits
0	0	4	2

Course Description:

There will be one mini project implemented during the course of the semester. Mini project is composed of the following four parts:

- Problem Analysis
- Solution Design
- Build and Test (software /hardware)
- Demonstrate and Report

It is expected to demonstrate a working design to meet the specifications of the assigned project

Course Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to,

- Select title of mini project identifying gap from literature survey and formulate its objectives.
- Develop, simulate and implement the system by complying with desired technical specifications.
- Analyze obtained results in theoretical and practical contextCO4: Analyze obtained results in theoretical and practical context.
- Present findings in logical order.
- Write a report to document his/her findings.

27/

AND STREET STREET

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)
Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Department: Electronics & Telecommunication Engineering

Class: S. Y. M. Tech. Electronics

Semester: III

		Те	achi	ng S	Scheme		Evalu	uation Sc	heme	
Course	C						Th	eory	Prac	ctical
Code	Course	L	Т	P	Credits	Scheme	Max Marks	Min % for	Max Marks	Min % for
							- 12	Passing		Passing
ECS 3014	Industry Internship	-	-	2	Audit	ISE			P/	NP
ECS 3024	MOOC Course	-	-	-	3	ESE*	-	-	50	50
ECS 3034	Dissertation Phase-I	1	-	8	4	ISE	-	-	100	50
ECS 3044	Dissertation Phase-II	-	-	12	6	ISE	-	-	100	50
	TOTAL			20	10	ESE			100	50
	TOTAL	-	-	22	13	######################################	1 	-		-

Total Contact Hours/week

: 22

Total Credits

: 13

* Indicates that, student needs to complete Online/Certification course approved by DPGC and produce certificate of online or certification course at the time of ESE. If student fails to produce this certificate, he or she will not be eligible to give ESE of Online/certification course.





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- Second Year M.Tech Electronics	Semester-III
Course Code : ECS3014	Course Name : Industry Internship

L	T	P	Credits
0	0	2	Audit

Course Description:

In the industry internship / field training work, student is expected to get training in the industry, related to subject specialization for duration of 15 days (minimum) for at least 6 hours per day.

The students who are doing course on MOOC/NPTEL/Coursera/Courses suggested by BOS should

- Select the course in consultation with supervisor and submit the details to Head of Program
- The course should be minimum 25 hours duration and should have certification facility.
- Student should complete course and get certificate the certificate copy should be submitted to head of program with supervisor signature.

In case student opted for industrial training he/she should write a report and submit the same for evaluation to head of program.

Course Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students will be able to,

- 1. Apply engineering knowledge learned during the program
- 2. Apply his/her technical skills to industrial problem
- 3. Develop creative and innovative solution to the given problem.
- 4. Support in multi-disciplinary environment.
- 5. Show concern for society, environment and other social concerns
- 6. Demonstrate given task according to the industrial needs with full integrity and responsibility



ROPE STORY ENGLISH

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- Second Year	Semester-III
M.Tech Electronics	
Course Code: ECS3024	Course Name : MOOC
	Course

L	Т	P	Credits
			3

 *Students should complete the certificate course in online MOOC mode based on suggestion given by Supervisor. The supervisor should conduct ESE for the course and submit course completion certificate with ESE marks to COE. The course should be selected in inter disciplinary area.





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme
To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics
Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- Second Year M.Tech Electronics	Semester-III	
Course Code: ECS3034	Course Name : Dissertation Phase-I	

L	Т	P	Credits
		8	4

COURSEOUTCOMES:

After completion of this course students will be able to:

- Identify research opportunities in the domain or multidisciplinary domains
- Formulate the problem statement and its objectives.
- Apply the principles of project management.
- Present synopsis in logical order.
- Write synopsis of the proposed system.

DISSERTATION PHASE-I

It consists of Synopsis Preparation and Synopsis approval by DPGC committee

SYNOPSIS PREPARATION

Postgraduate student should decide on the dissertation topic in consultation with its supervisor and come out with a synopsis of dissertation work, in July/August of an academic year. The Synopsis shall consist of three chapters - Introduction, Literature Review and Methodology with expected deliverables.

It is expected that student should have in-depth understanding of the selected problem, knowledge of probable solutions to the same problem and expected outcomes from the dissertation work.

The synopsis shall consist of following points

- · Title
- Introduction
- Literature Survey
- Objectives

M/K



Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

- Methodology
- Activity chart
- References

The title should be brief, accurate, descriptive, and comprehensive and clearly indicate the subject for the investigation.

The introduction part should include

- Area of the work
- Importance of the work

Literature review should

- Examine the most current studies on the topic and presenting the significant aspects of these studies.
- Compare different authors' views about the issue
- Summarize the literature in terms of a knowledge gap identification e.g. performance improvement of the existing system, functionality improvement of the existing, proposing an entirely new approach, etc.

It should be followed by the Problem statement formulated based on identified gap and objectives of the study

Methodology shall include information such as techniques, sample size, target populations, equipment, data analysis, etc. and explain why proposed methodology is most suitable to solve the undertaken problem.

It should be followed by activity chart mentioning probable duration for completion of various activities to be undertaken during dissertation work and appropriate list of references. The references should be from reputed journals such IEEE, Science direct, Elsevier etc.

SYNOPSIS APPROVAL AND EVALUATION BY DPGC COMMITTEE

The student should submit the synopsis duly signed by supervisor in the prescribed format to the department office. The DPGC committee is advised to conduct the Synopsis Presentation for the students of the program within the stipulated period and give approval to the synopsis with the evaluation score. The committee is advised to find

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

the enough complexity in the dissertation work, and all committee members should remain present at the time of the presentation.

The objective of the presentation is to find quality of work undertaken by the student, student's understanding about basic concepts required to carry out the work, scope of the work, correctness of the methodology, consistency of proposed work with dissertations works of other students and student's ability to communicate his or her ideas and work. The committee can suggest modifications in the synopsis if it does not fulfill abovementioned requirements. The student should prepare a modified synopsis by incorporating suggestions given by members and give presentation again.

The supervisor must ensure that student have incorporated all suggestions.





K.E. Society's Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

Class:- Second Year	Semester-III
M.Tech Electronics	multiple same o
Course Code: ECS3044	Course Name Dissertation Phase-II

L	T	P	Credits
		12	6

COURSEOUTCOMES:

After completion of this course students will be able to:

- Hypothesize research problem in the domain
- Simulate the problem statement and its objectives.
- Develop the system with desired technical specifications and principles of project management.
- Analyze obtained results in theoretical and practical context.
- Present report in logical order.
- Write report of the dissertation work.

DISSERTATION PHASE-II

After synopsis approval, it is expected that student should start working on the selected problem as per activity chart given in the synopsis. It is expected that at least 40% dissertation work should be completed by a student in this phase.

EVALUATION OF DISSERTATION PHASE-II

Evaluation (ISE) of Dissertation Phase-II shall be carried before the end of the semester-III and shall be jointly evaluated by Supervisor and Internal-examiner appointed by DPGC committee.

The student should give presentation / demonstration of the work done. The examiners shall look at student's progress and quality of the work done. The suggestions shall be given to the student, if required. The student should keep a record of these suggestions

Page 67 of 73

April Street Street

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

and incorporate them in his or her work. The supervisor should ensure that suggestions given are incorporated by the student.

The End –semester examination (ESE) of Dissertation Phase-II shall be carried out by Controller-of-Examinations after the end of Semester-III. The student should give presentation and/or demonstration of completed work in front of supervisor and external examiner appointed by COE.





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)
Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics Course Structure/RJT/01/2018-19

Class:-Second Year	Semester-IV	
M.Tech Electronics	Leebul	
Course Code: ECS4014	Course Name:	
EU C. GERMANNEN FAN	Dissertation Phase-III	

L	Т	P	Credits
		12	6

COURSEOUTCOMES:

After completion of this course students will be able to:

- Modify system as per previous results.
- Simulate the problem statement and its objectives.
- Develop the system by complying with desired technical specifications and principles of project management.
- Analyze obtained results in theoretical and practical context.
- Present report in logical order.
- Write report of the dissertation work.

DISSERTATION PHASE-III

In Dissertation Phase-III, it is expected that student should complete at least 70% of the dissertation work and prepare a draft of the paper for publication.

EVALUATION OF DISSERTATION PHASE-III

The evaluation (ISE) of Dissertation Phase-III shall be carried out in March of the academic year by Supervisor and Internal examiner appointed by DPGC. The appointed members shall look at student's progress and quality of the work done. The suggestions shall be given to the student, if required. The student should keep a record of these suggestions and incorporate them. The supervisor should ensure that suggestions given are incorporated by the student.



Page 69 of 73

THE OF TECHNOLOGY AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR

K.E. Society's

Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)
Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

If student's progress is not as per expectation, the committee member shall issue a written notice to the student about probable extension.





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivoji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

L	7.	P	Credi
		20	10

Class:- Second Year Semester-IV M. Tech Electronics Course Code: ECS4024 Course Name Dissertation Viva Voce

COURSEOUTCOMES:

After completion of this course students will be able to:

- Modify system as per previous results.
- Simulate the problem statement and its objectives.
- Develop the system by complying with desired technical specifications.
- Analyze obtained results in theoretical and practical context.
- Present report in logical order.
- Write report of the dissertation work.

DISSERTATION PHASE-IV

In Dissertation Phase-IV, it is expected that student should complete

- 100% implementation of the proposed system
- Simulation/ experimentation work on the proposed system
- Performance evaluation of the proposed system
- Comparison of the proposed system with existing systems
- Writing of the conclusion
- Preparation of a draft-copy of the dissertation report with Plagiarism report





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

EVALUATION OF DISSERTATION PHASE-IV

The DPGC committee is advised to evaluate the dissertation pre-submission presentation and/or system demonstration given by the students at the end of semester –IV within the stipulated period and give approval/modifications to the work done by the student along with the evaluation score.

The committee is advised to verify work completion as per the synopsis, and all committee members should remain present for the presentation. The objective of the presentation/ demonstration is to understand techniques implemented by the student, student's own contribution in the development process, obtained results, comparison of results with existing systems, and deliverables of the dissertation work.

The committee can suggest modifications if it does not fulfill above-mentioned requirements in the system/ draft copy of the report. In this case, the student should modify the system in a given time span based on suggestions given by the members and give presentation again in front of committee members. The members should ensure that student has incorporated all suggestions and gives him/her approval to submit the dissertation work for final evaluation.

FINAL EVALUATION OF DISSERTATION WORK:

The final evaluation of the dissertation work shall be carried out by a three-member committee, comprising of Chairman, External Examiner and concerned supervisor. This committee should be appointed by Controller of Examinations.

The student should give presentation and demonstration of work carried out in front of committee members. The external examiner and supervisor should evaluate student's performance based on following points.

- 1. Justification and clarity of the problem statement and project objectives
- 2. Use of appropriate, applicable and justifiable methodology to solve problem undertaken





Rajarambapu Institute of Technology, Sakharale

(An Autonomous Institute, affiliated to Shivaji University, Kolhapur)

Curriculum Structure and Evaluation Scheme

To be implemented from Academic Year 2018-19

Rev: Electronics

Course Structure/RIT/01/2018-19

- 3. Reliability and validity of data collection instruments /resources used, critical data analysis and interpretation
- 4. Overall system design
- 5. Experimental Results and their comparison with existing systems
- 6. Critical analysis of obtained results and their interpretation and correlation with project deliverables
- 7. Scientific justification of conclusions
- 8. self-contribution of the candidate in project development irrespective of use of readymade hardware/software
- 9. Presentation skills

The chairman shall ensure smooth conduct of the examination.

